

WELCOME TO FAMILY FRIDAY! Topic: Writing

Gallatin Elementary School

Gallatin Readers are High Achievers!



Today you will learn:



- The 3 Genres of Writing taught to students in Downey Unified
- The terms and language to use when writing with your student
- How to check your student's progress using the writing rubric

Strategies to use at home with your student to encourage and support the

writing process



What are the 3 Genres of Writing?



Narrative

Students write to tell a story



Informative

Students write to give information about a topic



Opinion

Students write to tell how they feel about a topic



What writing terms does my student use at school?



WritingTerm	What it means
"Small Moment"	A small piece in time that a student has experienced.
"Seed Idea"	Students think about a smaller topic within the "watermelon" to write about.
"Long and Strong"	Students are encouraged to write for long periods of time to build stamina.
"Heart of the Story"	The part of the story that is most important, students are encouraged to stretch out the heart in sequence.
"Play a Movie in Your Mind"	Students make a movie in their mind to help visualize their story.
"Show, Don't Tell"	Students are encouraged to use imagery language to paint a vivid picture for the reader.
"Fancy it up"	Students add details and elaborate.



How can I check my student's writing progress?

Narrative Writing Checklist

	Kindergarten	NOT YET	STARTING TO	YES
	Structure			
Overall	I told, drew, and wrote a whole story.			
Lead	I had a page that showed what happened first.			
Transitions	I put my pages in order.			
Ending	I had a page that showed what happened last in my story.			
Organization	My story had a page for the beginning, a page for the middle, and a page for the end.			
	Development			
Elaboration	My story indicated who was there, what they did, and how the characters felt.			
Craft	I drew and wrote some details about what happened.			
	Language Conventions			
Spelling	I could read my writing.			
	I wrote a letter for the sounds I heard.			
	I used the word wall to help me spell.			
Punctuation	I put spaces between words.			
	I used lowercase letters unless capitals were needed.			
	I wrote capital letters to start every sentence.	0		



What else can I do to help my student at home?



★ Encourage your child to carry a small notebook with them, paying attention to details and thinking, "I could write a story about this."

★ Think of a strong feeling, then list "small moment" stories pertaining to that feeling. Choose one to write about.

Think of a subject, or person, place or thing that matters to you, then list small moments you remember. Choose one to sketch and then write the accompanying story.

What else can I do to help my student at home?



★ Think of first times, last times or important times in your life. Write about one of these.

★ Take small moments and break them into beginning, middle and end. Develop the tension and the problem. Tell the story using the boxes. Draw pictures and label them with words. Adding words helps to create a foundation for formulating the story.

 \star Diagram places of memory and label the pictures with individual words.